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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/870,406	05/29/2001	John Clark Lagarias	407T-907720US	7073
22798	7590 03/18/2003	,		•
QUINE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP, P.C.			EXAMINER	
	P O BOX 458 ALAMEDA, CA 94501		PAK, YONG D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	1652	11
			DATE MAILED: 03/18/2003	١(

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/870,406	LAGARIAS ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Yong Pak	1652			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	~				
P riod for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a)□	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	s action is non-final.	P			
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under <i>l</i>					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-79</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
	Claim(s) <u>1-79</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.				
	on Papers					
	he specification is objected to by the Examiner					
10)∐ Т	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accep	ted or b)⊡ objected to by the Exar	miner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)∐ Т	he proposed drawing correction filed on		ved by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
2) Notice 3) Inform	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-79 are pending.

The methods of claims 22-24 are dependent on a product claim. Claims 22-24 have been interpreted as being dependent on claim 21.

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-20, drawn to a bilin reductase, classified in class 435, subclass
 190.
- II. Claims 21-32, drawn to a method of converting a biliverdin to a phytobilin, classified in class 435, subclass 69.1.
- III. Claims 33-38, drawn to DNA encoding a bilin reductase and cell comprising said DNA, classified in class 435, subclass 252.3.
- IV. Claim 39, drawn to a method of detecting expression of a polypeptide, classified in class 435, subclass 6.
- V. Claims 40-54, drawn to a method of producing a holophytochrome, classified in class 435, subclass 71.1.
- VI. Claims 55-69, drawn to a cell comprising a heme oxygenase, an apophytochrome and a reductase, classified in class 435, subclass 325.
- VII. Claims 70-79, drawn to DNA comprising a heme oxidoreductase and a bilin reductase, classified in class 536, subclass 23.5.

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In addition to electing one of the groups above, applicants are required to further elect <u>ONE</u> bilin reductase. The disclosure contains several bilin reductase that are patentably distinct, as discussed below.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Invention I is drawn to bilin reductases that are patentably distinct as having different structures, functions, substrate specificities, and utilities. Also, Inventions III, VI and VII are drawn to DNA encoding bilin reductases that are patentably distinct as having different structures, functions, substrate specificities, and utilities.

DNA molecule of inventions II are not limited in use to the production of polypeptide of invention I and can be used as a hybridization probe, and protein of invention I can be obtained by a materially different method such as by biochemical purification.

The DNA of Inventions III and VII are patentably distinct because Invention III is drawn to DNA encoding a bilin reductase and Invention VII is drawn to a DNA encoding a fusion protein comprising a bilin reductase and a heme oxidoreductase.

Inventions (I) and (II) are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the protein of Invention II can be used for the production of the antibody against the protein.

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Inventions (III) and (IV) are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the DNA of Invention III can be used for the production of the protein of Invention I.

Inventions (VI) and (V) are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the product of Invention VI can be used for the production of a fusion protein.

The methods of Inventions II, IV and V are patentably distinct as employing different products. Invention II uses a polypeptide, Invention IV uses the DNA of Invention III and Invention V uses the cell of Invention VI. Inventions II, IV and V are patentably distinct for having different effects and utilities.

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: a holophytochrome that is a phytofluor and a holophytochrome that is not a phytofluor.

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Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 40 and 55 are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject

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matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yong Pak whose telephone number is 703-308-9363. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 A.M. to 4:30 P.M weekdays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ponnathapu Achutamurthy can be reached on 703-308-3804. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9306 for regular communications and 703-872-9307 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0196.

Yong Pak
Patent Examiner

March 12, 2003

PONNATH SPURCEUR MUTTHY
REPRESENCE OF THE TRANSPORT
RECHARGEOUT OF THE TRANSPORT OF